Macro Monthly

Economics GLOBAL

Reasons for rate cuts

- Markets have been spooked by some weaker US data, currency moves and tech earnings...
- ...but the macro weakness is more evident in mainland China and, in particular, Germany...
- ...as more central banks across the world start easing policy

Market concerns building over US data...

The rapid market moves in recent days have had many catalysts, from moves in relative pricing between the Federal Reserve (Fed) and the Bank of Japan to political uncertainty over the US election and earnings in the tech sector.

On top of that, a weaker ISM manufacturing and US labour market release (chart 1) appear to have spooked markets about something more concerning happening in the US economy. That said, **the bulk of other economic data for the US still look reasonably healthy**, with consumer spending data continuing to tick along after the upside surprise to growth in Q2 (chart 2).

Most US data is holding up reasonably well

1. Non-farm payrolls data show a steady cooling in hiring activity...



2. ...but US consumers keep spending, fuelled by real income gains



...but some weaker data in mainland China...

On the other hand, we have seen **a period of weaker data in mainland China**, with a softer Q2 GDP print (4.7% vs. 5.3% in Q1) and tepid monthly data for June being met with a more aggressive monetary policy response. Whilst the property sector is still a drag, industrial data look broadly better, and some areas of consumer demand are holding up.

Source: Macrobond





Germany is facing an industrial recession

...and further bad news in Germany

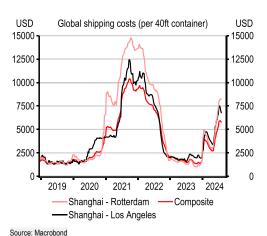
The real standout in the global data (for the wrong reasons) at the moment is Germany. Whilst most economies are seeing some sort of resilience in either consumer or industrial prints, **the German economy continues to face an industrial recession**, with GDP for Q2 seeing another sequential decline of -0.1% q-o-q.

Inflation risks resurfacing?

The drop in inflation has slowed in many economies

On the inflation front, a couple of months of good data in the US had opened the door **for the Fed to cut rates in September**, even before the market volatility. However, the move lower in some areas of services inflation, coupled with very negative core goods inflation is yet to be seen elsewhere in the developed world. Risks are still out there, from higher shipping costs and commodity prices (charts 3 and 4), as well as the threat of tariffs putting up goods prices.

3. Shipping costs have picked up a lot



4. Commodity prices are likely to remain elevated in 2024



Source: Macrobond

Homing in on cuts

The Fed is likely to start easing in September

Despite the inflation challenges, the latest round of meetings showed that **more central banks** are willing to pull the trigger and start their easing cycles. Given the sharp moves in financial markets, pricing for the pace of easing has moved quickly, and the question now is whether it's a 25 or 50bp move to kick off the Fed's easing cycle in September.



Key recent releases

Date	Market	Release	Period	Actual	Consensus expectation	Prior	Actual vs. Consensus
22 Jul	Mainland China	Policy rate (1-year LPR)	-	3.35%	3.45%	3.45%	Ψ
25 Jul	US	Real GDP (quarter, ann.)	Q2, flash	2.8%	2.0%	1.4%	^
26 Jul	US	Core PCE inflation (year)	Jun	2.6%	2.5%	2.6%	^
30 Jul	Eurozone	GDP (year)	Q2, flash	0.6%	0.5%	0.5%	^
31 Jul	Japan	BoJ target rate-Upper bound	-	0.25%	0.1%	0.1%	^
31 Jul	Eurozone	HICP (year)	Jul, flash	2.6%	2.5%	2.5%	^
1 Aug	Mainland China	Caixin manufacturing PMI (Index)	Jul	49.8	51.5	51.8	•
2 Aug	US	Nonfarm payrolls, monthly change (000s)	Jul	114	175	179	•

Source: Bloomberg, HSBC

Key upcoming events

Date	Market	Release	Period
14 Aug	UK	CPI	Jul
14 Aug	Eurozone	GDP	Q2
14 Aug	US	CPI	Jul
15 Aug	Mainland China	Retail Sales	Jul
15 Aug	UK	GDP	Jun, Q2
15 Aug	US	Retail Sales	Jul
16 Aug	UK	Retail Sales	Jul
20 Aug	Mainland China	People's Bank of China interest rate decision	Aug
22 Aug	EU/UK/US	PMIs	Aug
30 Aug	Eurozone	Inflation	Aug
30 Aug	US	Core PCE Price Index	Jul
31 Aug	Mainland China	NBS Manufacturing PMI	Aug
4 Sep	Mainland China	Caixin Services PMI	Aug
6 Sep	US	Non-Farm Payrolls	Aug

Source: Refinitiv Eikon, HSBC

[↑] Positive surprise – actual is higher than consensus, ♦ Negative surprise – actual is lower than consensus, ♦ Actual is in line with consensus



Disclosure appendix

Additional disclosures

- 1 This report is dated as at 07 August 2024.
- 2 All market data included in this report are dated as at close 06 August 2024, unless a different date and/or a specific time of day is indicated in the report.
- 3 HSBC has procedures in place to identify and manage any potential conflicts of interest that arise in connection with its Research business. HSBC's analysts and its other staff who are involved in the preparation and dissemination of Research operate and have a management reporting line independent of HSBC's Investment Banking business. Information Barrier procedures are in place between the Investment Banking, Principal Trading, and Research businesses to ensure that any confidential and/or price sensitive information is handled in an appropriate manner.
- 4 You are not permitted to use, for reference, any data in this document for the purpose of (i) determining the interest payable, or other sums due, under loan agreements or under other financial contracts or instruments, (ii) determining the price at which a financial instrument may be bought or sold or traded or redeemed, or the value of a financial instrument, and/or (iii) measuring the performance of a financial instrument or of an investment fund.



Disclaimer

This document is prepared by The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited ('HBAP'), 1 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong. HBAP is incorporated in Hong Kong and is part of the HSBC Group. This document is distributed by HSBC Continental Europe, HBAP, HSBC Bank (Singapore) Limited, HSBC Bank (Taiwan) Limited, HSBC Bank Malaysia Berhad (198401015221 (127776-V))/HSBC Amanah Malaysia Berhad (200801006421 (807705-X)), The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, India (HSBC India), HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, HSBC UK Bank plc, Jersey Branch, and HSBC Bank plc, Guernsey Branch, HSBC Private Bank (Suisse) SA, HSBC Private Bank (Suisse) SA, DIFC Branch, HSBC Private Bank plc, Guernsey Branch, HSBC Private Bank (Suisse) SA, HSBC Private Bank (Suisse) SA, Band The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited (collectively, the "Distributors") to their respective clients. This document is for general circulation and information purposes only. This document is not prepared with any particular customers or purposes in mind and does not take into account any investment objectives, financial situation or personal circumstances or needs of any particular customer. HBAP has prepared this document based on publicly available information at the time of preparation from sources it believes to be reliable but it has not independently verified such information. The contents of this document are subject to change without notice. HBAP and the Distributors are not responsible for any loss, damage or other consequences of any kind that you may incur or suffer as a result of, arising from or relating to your use of or reliance on this document. HBAP and the Distributors give no guarantee, representation or warranty as to the accuracy, timeliness or completeness of this document. This document is not investment decision. HBAP and the Distributors are not responsible for such use or reliance by you. You should consult your professional advisor in your jurisdiction if you have any questions regarding the contents of t

The following statement is only applicable to HSBC Bank (Taiwan) Limited with regard to how the publication is distributed to its customers: HSBC Bank (Taiwan) Limited ("the Bank") shall fulfill the fiduciary duty act as a reasonable person once in exercising offering/conducting ordinary care in offering trust services/business. However, the Bank disclaims any guaranty on the management or operation performance of the trust business.

The following statement is only applicable to by HSBC Bank Australia with regard to how the publication is distributed to its customers: This document is distributed by HSBC Bank Australia Limited ABN 48 006 434 162, AFSL/ACL 232595 (HBAU). HBAP has a Sydney Branch ARBN 117 925 970 AFSL 301737. The statements contained in this document are general in nature and do not constitute investment research or a recommendation, or a statement of opinion (financial product advice) to buy or sell investments. This document has not taken into account your personal objectives, financial situation and needs. Because of that, before acting on the document you should consider its appropriateness to you, with regard to your objectives, financial situation, and needs.

Important Information about the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, India ("HSBC India")

HSBC India is a branch of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited. HSBC India is a distributor of mutual funds and referrer of investment products from third party entities registered and regulated in India. HSBC India does not distribute investment products to those persons who are either the citizens or residents of United States of America (USA), Australia or New Zealand or any other jurisdiction where such distribution would be contrary to law or regulation.

Mainland China

In mainland China, this document is distributed by HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited ("HBCN") and HSBC FinTech Services (Shanghai) Company Limited to its customers for general reference only. This document is not, and is not intended to be, for the purpose of providing securities and futures investment advisory services or financial information services, or promoting or selling any wealth management product. This document provides all content and information solely on an "as-is/as-available" basis. You SHOULD consult your own professional adviser if you have any questions regarding this document.

The material contained in this document is for general information purposes only and does not constitute investment research or advice or a recommendation to buy or sell investments. Some of the statements contained in this document may be considered forward looking statements which provide current expectations or forecasts of future events. Such forward looking statements are not guarantees of future performance or events and involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those described in such forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. HSBC India does not undertake any obligation to update the forward-looking statements contained herein, or to update the reasons why actual results could differ from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Investments are subject to market risk, read all investment related documents carefully.

© Copyright 2024. The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

No part of this document may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, on any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior written permission of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited.

Important information on sustainable investing

"Sustainable investments" include investment approaches or instruments which consider environmental, social, governance and/or other sustainability factors (collectively, "sustainability") to varying degrees. Certain instruments we include within this category may be in the process of changing to deliver sustainability outcomes.

There is no guarantee that sustainable investments will produce returns similar to those which don't consider these factors. Sustainable investments may diverge from traditional market benchmarks. In addition, there is no standard definition of, or measurement criteria for sustainable investments, or the impact of sustainable investments ("sustainablity impact"). Sustainable investment and sustainability impact measurement criteria are (a) highly subjective and (b) may vary significantly across and within sectors.

HSBC may rely on measurement criteria devised and/or reported by third party providers or issuers. HSBC does not always conduct its own specific due diligence in relation to measurement criteria. There is no guarantee: (a) that the nature of the sustainability impact or measurement criteria of an investment will be aligned with any particular investor's sustainability goals; or (b) that the stated level or target level of sustainability impact will be achieved.

Sustainable investing is an evolving area and new regulations may come into effect which may affect how an investment is categorised or labelled. An investment which is considered to fulfil sustainable criteria today may not meet those criteria at some point in the future.

[1241586]